Brigham Young University Law School

BYU Law Digital Commons

Utah Court of Appeals Briefs (2007-)

2017

Hammons v Weber County Defendant/Appellee

Utah Court of Appeals

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.law.byu.edu/byu_ca3



Part of the Law Commons

Original Brief Submitted to the Utah Supreme Court; digitized by the Howard W. Hunter Law Library, J. Reuben Clark Law School, Brigham Young University, Provo, Utah.

Recommended Citation

Legal Brief, Hammons v Weber County, No. 20151074 (Utah Court of Appeals, 2017). https://digitalcommons.law.byu.edu/byu_ca3/3692

This Legal Brief is brought to you for free and open access by BYU Law Digital Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Utah Court of Appeals Briefs (2007-) by an authorized administrator of BYU Law Digital Commons. Policies regarding these Utah briefs are available at http://digitalcommons.law.byu.edu/utah_court_briefs/ policies.html. Please contact the Repository Manager at hunterlawlibrary@byu.edu with questions or feedback.



405 South Main Street, Suite 200 Salt Lake City Utah 34111

> p: 301.441.9393 e: firm@GAPClaw.com w: www.GAPClaw.com

FILED UTAH APPELLATE COURTS Barton H. Kunz II

MAR 3 0 2017

Mark L. Anderson Timothy J. Curtis² Adam D. Wentz

Of Counsel: Barbara L. Maw³ Carolyn H. Andretti¹

30 March 2017

Hand Delivered Utah Supreme Court Matheson Courthouse 450 South State Street, Fifth Floor PO Box 140210 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-0210

> Re: County's Rule 24(i) Supplemental Letter

Hammons et al. v. Weber County et al., case no. 20151074-SC

To the Utah Supreme Court:

The defendants/appellees ("County") file this letter under Utah Rule of Appellate Procedure 24(j). The County neglected to include in its briefing on its first issue and part I of its argument (Aplees.' Replacement Br. at 9 & 20-30) that the district court addressed Utah Code § 59-2-1321's application to the plaintiffs/appellants' ("Hammonses") first three claims and their timeliness in its order on a motion to dismiss the County filed early in the case. (R.0166-68.)

Addressing the County's motion to dismiss the claims on the ground that the Hammonses had not identified a private right of action, the district court held that the claims were brought under section 59-2-1321. Although the issue was not briefed by the parties but rather raised by the County during oral argument as the basis for a potential future motion, the district court also held that the claims were timely under section 59-2-1321 by applying the equitable discovery rule. (R.0166-68; R.0463/41:25-47:6, 49:19-51:25.)

The district court ultimately, however, held when it decided the County's motion for judgment on the pleadings that the claims should have been brought under section 59-2-1004 and were untimely. (R.0429-34.) The Hammonses appeal from that subsequent ruling. (Aplees.' Br. at 6-7, 15-16, A15.) The County raises its section 59-2-1321 timeliness argument under State v. South, which holds that an appellee may raise an argument rejected by the trial court as an alternative ground for affirmance. State v. South, 924 P.2d 354, 356-57 (Utah 1996).

Respectfully,

Attorneys for Defendants/Appellees

cc: Scott L. Hansen, Esq. (email, U.S. mail)



405 South Main Street, Suite 200 Sait Lake City, Utah 84111

> p: 301.441.9393 a: firm@GAPClaw.com w: www.GAPClaw.com

Heidi G Goedel Mark L. Anderson Barton H. Kunz II Timothy J. Curtis Adam D. Wentz Of Counsel: Barbara L. Maw³ Carolyn H. Andretti⁴

30 March 2017

Hand Delivered
Utah Supreme Court
Matheson Courthouse
450 South State Street, Fifth Floor
PO Box 140210
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-0210

Re: County's Rule 24(j) Supplemental Letter

Hammons et al. v. Weber County et al., case no. 20151074-SC

To the Utah Supreme Court:

The defendants/appellees ("County") file this letter under Utah Rule of Appellate Procedure 24(j). The County neglected to include in its briefing on its first issue and part I of its argument (Aplees.' Replacement Br. at 9 & 20-30) that the district court addressed Utah Code § 59-2-1321's application to the plaintiffs/appellants' ("Hammonses") first three claims and their timeliness in its order on a motion to dismiss the County filed early in the case. (R.0166-68.)

Addressing the County's motion to dismiss the claims on the ground that the Hammonses had not identified a private right of action, the district court held that the claims were brought under section 59-2-1321. Although the issue was not briefed by the parties but rather raised by the County during oral argument as the basis for a potential future motion, the district court also held that the claims were timely under section 59-2-1321 by applying the equitable discovery rule. (R.0166-68; R.0463/41:25-47:6, 49:19-51:25.)

The district court ultimately, however, held when it decided the County's motion for judgment on the pleadings that the claims should have been brought under section 59-2-1004 and were untimely. (R.0429-34.) The Hammonses appeal from that subsequent ruling. (Aplees.' Br. at 6-7, 15-16, A15.) The County raises its section 59-2-1321 timeliness argument under *State v. South*, which holds that an appellee may raise an argument rejected by the trial court as an alternative ground for affirmance. *State v. South*, 924 P.2d 354, 356-57 (Utah 1996).

Respectfully,

GOEBEL ANDERSON PC

Barton H. Kunz II

Attorneys for Defendants/Appellees

cc: Scott L. Hansen, Esq. (email, U.S. mail)



405 South Main Street, Suite 200 Sait Lake City Utah 3411 UTAH APPELLATE COURTS

FILED

MAR 3 0 2017

Heidi G Goebei Mark L. Anderson Barton H. Kunz II Timothy J. Curtis² Adam D. Wentz Of Counsel: Barbara L. Maw³

Carolyn H. Andretti⁴

p: 301 441 9393

a: firm@GAPClaw.com w: www GAPClaw com

30 March 2017

Hand Delivered Utah Supreme Court Matheson Courthouse 450 South State Street, Fifth Floor PO Box 140210 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-0210

County's Rule 24(i) Supplemental Letter

Hammons et al. v. Weber County et al., case no. 20151074-SC

To the Utah Supreme Court:

The defendants/appellees ("County") file this letter under Utah Rule of Appellate Procedure 24(j). The County neglected to include in its briefing on its first issue and part I of its argument (Aplees.' Replacement Br. at 9 & 20-30) that the district court addressed Utah Code § 59-2-1321's application to the plaintiffs/appellants' ("Hammonses") first three claims and their timeliness in its order on a motion to dismiss the County filed early in the case. (R.0166-68.)

Addressing the County's motion to dismiss the claims on the ground that the Hammonses had not identified a private right of action, the district court held that the claims were brought under section 59-2-1321. Although the issue was not briefed by the parties but rather raised by the County during oral argument as the basis for a potential future motion, the district court also held that the claims were timely under section 59-2-1321 by applying the equitable discovery rule. (R.0166-68; R.0463/41:25-47:6, 49:19-51:25.)

The district court ultimately, however, held when it decided the County's motion for judgment on the pleadings that the claims should have been brought under section 59-2-1004 and were untimely. (R.0429-34.) The Hammonses appeal from that subsequent ruling. (Aplees.' Br. at 6-7, 15-16, A15.) The County raises its section 59-2-1321 timeliness argument under State v. South, which holds that an appellee may raise an argument rejected by the trial court as an alternative ground for affirmance. State v. South, 924 P.2d 354, 356-57 (Utah 1996).

Respectfully,

Attorneys for Defendants/Appellees

cc: Scott L. Hansen, Esq. (email, U.S. mail)